

milenage.c

```
00001 /*-----
00002 *           Example algorithms f1, f1*, f2, f3, f4, f5, f5*
00003 *-----
00004 *
00005 * A sample implementation of the example 3GPP authentication and
00006 * key agreement functions f1, f1*, f2, f3, f4, f5 and f5*. This is
00007 * a byte-oriented implementation of the functions, and of the block
00008 * cipher kernel function Rijndael.
00009 *
00010 * This has been coded for clarity, not necessarily for efficiency.
00011 *
00012 * The functions f2, f3, f4 and f5 share the same inputs and have
00013 * been coded together as a single function. f1, f1* and f5* are
00014 * all coded separately.
00015 *
00016 *-----*/
00017
00018 #include "milenage.h"
00019 #include "rijndael.h"
00020
00021 /*----- prototypes -----*/
00022
00023
00024
00025 /*-----
00026 *           Algorithm f1
00027 *-----
00028 *
00029 * Computes network authentication code MAC-A from key K, random
00030 * challenge RAND, sequence number SQN and authentication management
00031 * field AMF.
00032 *
00033 *-----*/
00034
00035 void f1      ( u8 k[16], u8 rand[16], u8 sqn[6], u8 amf[2],
00036              u8 mac_a[8], u8 op[16] )
00037 {
00038     u8 op_c[16];
00039     u8 temp[16];
00040     u8 inl[16];
00041     u8 outl[16];
00042     u8 rijndaelInput[16];
00043     u8 i;
00044
00045     RijndaelKeySchedule( k );
00046
00047     ComputeOPc( op_c, op );
00048
00049     for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00050         rijndaelInput[i] = rand[i] ^ op_c[i];
00051     RijndaelEncrypt( rijndaelInput, temp );
00052
00053     for (i=0; i<6; i++)
00054     {
00055         inl[i]      = sqn[i];
00056         inl[i+8]    = sqn[i];
00057     }
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00058     for (i=0; i<2; i++)
00059     {
00060         inl[i+6] = amf[i];
00061         inl[i+14] = amf[i];
00062     }
00063
00064     /* XOR op_c and inl, rotate by r1=64, and XOR *
00065     * on the constant c1 (which is all zeroes) */
00066
00067     for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00068         rijndaelInput[(i+8) % 16] = inl[i] ^ op_c[i];
00069
00070     /* XOR on the value temp computed before */
00071
00072     for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00073         rijndaelInput[i] ^= temp[i];
00074
00075     RijndaelEncrypt( rijndaelInput, out1 );
00076     for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00077         out1[i] ^= op_c[i];
00078
00079     for (i=0; i<8; i++)
00080         mac_a[i] = out1[i];
00081
00082     return;
00083 } /* end of function f1 */
00084
00085
00086
00087 /*-----
00088 *
00089 *-----
00090 *
00091 * Takes key K and random challenge RAND, and returns response RES,
00092 * confidentiality key CK, integrity key IK and anonymity key AK.
00093 *
00094 *-----*/
00095
00096 void f2345 ( u8 k[16], u8 rand[16],
00097             u8 res[8], u8 ck[16], u8 ik[16], u8 ak[6], u8 op[16] )
00098 {
00099     u8 op_c[16];
00100     u8 temp[16];
00101     u8 out[16];
00102     u8 rijndaelInput[16];
00103     u8 i;
00104
00105     RijndaelKeySchedule( k );
00106
00107     ComputeOPc( op_c, op );
00108
00109     for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00110         rijndaelInput[i] = rand[i] ^ op_c[i];
00111     RijndaelEncrypt( rijndaelInput, temp );
00112
00113     /* To obtain output block OUT2: XOR OPc and TEMP, *
00114     * rotate by r2=0, and XOR on the constant c2 (which *
00115     * is all zeroes except that the last bit is 1). */
00116
00117     for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00118         rijndaelInput[i] = temp[i] ^ op_c[i];
00119     rijndaelInput[15] ^= 1;
00120
00121     RijndaelEncrypt( rijndaelInput, out );

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00122 for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00123     out[i] ^= op_c[i];
00124
00125 for (i=0; i<8; i++)
00126     res[i] = out[i+8];
00127 for (i=0; i<6; i++)
00128     ak[i] = out[i];
00129
00130 /* To obtain output block OUT3: XOR OPc and TEMP,          *
00131  * rotate by r3=32, and XOR on the constant c3 (which      *
00132  * is all zeroes except that the next to last bit is 1). */
00133
00134 for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00135     rijndaelInput[(i+12) % 16] = temp[i] ^ op_c[i];
00136 rijndaelInput[15] ^= 2;
00137
00138 RijndaelEncrypt( rijndaelInput, out );
00139 for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00140     out[i] ^= op_c[i];
00141
00142 for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00143     ck[i] = out[i];
00144
00145 /* To obtain output block OUT4: XOR OPc and TEMP,          *
00146  * rotate by r4=64, and XOR on the constant c4 (which      *
00147  * is all zeroes except that the 2nd from last bit is 1). */
00148
00149 for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00150     rijndaelInput[(i+8) % 16] = temp[i] ^ op_c[i];
00151 rijndaelInput[15] ^= 4;
00152
00153 RijndaelEncrypt( rijndaelInput, out );
00154 for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00155     out[i] ^= op_c[i];
00156
00157 for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00158     ik[i] = out[i];
00159
00160 return;
00161 } /* end of function f2345 */
00162
00163
00164 /*-----
00165 *                               Algorithm f1*
00166 *-----
00167 *
00168 * Computes resynch authentication code MAC-S from key K, random
00169 * challenge RAND, sequence number SQN and authentication management
00170 * field AMF.
00171 *
00172 *-----*/
00173
00174 void f1star( u8 k[16], u8 rand[16], u8 sqn[6], u8 amf[2],
00175             u8 mac_s[8], u8 op[16] )
00176 {
00177     u8 op_c[16];
00178     u8 temp[16];
00179     u8 in1[16];
00180     u8 out1[16];
00181     u8 rijndaelInput[16];
00182     u8 i;
00183
00184     RijndaelKeySchedule( k );
00185

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00186 ComputeOPc( op_c, op );
00187
00188 for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00189     rijndaelInput[i] = rand[i] ^ op_c[i];
00190 RijndaelEncrypt( rijndaelInput, temp );
00191
00192 for (i=0; i<6; i++)
00193 {
00194     inl[i]     = sqn[i];
00195     inl[i+8]  = sqn[i];
00196 }
00197 for (i=0; i<2; i++)
00198 {
00199     inl[i+6]  = amf[i];
00200     inl[i+14] = amf[i];
00201 }
00202
00203 /* XOR op_c and inl, rotate by r1=64, and XOR *
00204 * on the constant c1 (which is all zeroes) */
00205
00206 for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00207     rijndaelInput[(i+8) % 16] = inl[i] ^ op_c[i];
00208
00209 /* XOR on the value temp computed before */
00210
00211 for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00212     rijndaelInput[i] ^= temp[i];
00213
00214 RijndaelEncrypt( rijndaelInput, out1 );
00215 for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00216     out1[i] ^= op_c[i];
00217
00218 for (i=0; i<8; i++)
00219     mac_s[i] = out1[i+8];
00220
00221 return;
00222 } /* end of function flstar */
00223
00224
00225 /*-----
00226 *                               Algorithm f5*
00227 *-----
00228 *
00229 * Takes key K and random challenge RAND, and returns resynch
00230 * anonymity key AK.
00231 *
00232 *-----*/
00233
00234 void f5star( u8 k[16], u8 rand[16],
00235             u8 ak[6], u8 op[16] )
00236 {
00237     u8 op_c[16];
00238     u8 temp[16];
00239     u8 out[16];
00240     u8 rijndaelInput[16];
00241     u8 i;
00242
00243     RijndaelKeySchedule( k );
00244
00245     ComputeOPc( op_c, op );
00246
00247     for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00248         rijndaelInput[i] = rand[i] ^ op_c[i];
00249     RijndaelEncrypt( rijndaelInput, temp );

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00250
00251 /* To obtain output block OUT5: XOR OPc and TEMP,          *
00252 * rotate by r5=96, and XOR on the constant c5 (which        *
00253 * is all zeroes except that the 3rd from last bit is 1). */
00254
00255 for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00256     rijndaelInput[(i+4) % 16] = temp[i] ^ op_c[i];
00257 rijndaelInput[15] ^= 8;
00258
00259 RijndaelEncrypt( rijndaelInput, out );
00260 for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00261     out[i] ^= op_c[i];
00262
00263 for (i=0; i<6; i++)
00264     ak[i] = out[i];
00265
00266 return;
00267 } /* end of function f5star */
00268
00269
00270 /*-----
00271 * Function to compute OPc from OP and K. Assumes key schedule has
00272 * already been performed.
00273 *-----*/
00274
00275 void ComputeOPc( u8 op_c[16], u8 op[16] )
00276 {
00277     u8 i;
00278
00279     RijndaelEncrypt( op, op_c );
00280     for (i=0; i<16; i++)
00281         op_c[i] ^= op[i];
00282
00283     return;
00284 } /* end of function ComputeOPc */

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milenage.c

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001 /*
00002 * 3GPP AKA - Milenage algorithm (3GPP TS 35.205, .206, .207, .208)
00003 * Copyright (c) 2006-2007 <j@wl.fi>
00004 *
00005 * This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify
00006 * it under the terms of the GNU General Public License version 2 as
00007 * published by the Free Software Foundation.
00008 *
00009 * Alternatively, this software may be distributed under the terms of BSD
00010 * license.
00011 *
00012 * See README and COPYING for more details.
00013 *
00014 * This file implements an example authentication algorithm defined for
3GPP

```

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00015 * AKA. This can be used to implement a simple HLR/AuC into hlr_auc_gw to
allow
00016 * EAP-AKA to be tested properly with real USIM cards.
00017 *
00018 * This implementations assumes that the r1..r5 and c1..c5 constants
defined in
00019 * TS 35.206 are used, i.e., r1=64, r2=0, r3=32, r4=64, r5=96, c1=00..00,
00020 * c2=00..01, c3=00..02, c4=00..04, c5=00..08. The block cipher is assumed
to
00021 * be AES (Rijndael).
00022 */
00023
00024 #include "includes.h"
00025
00026 #include "common.h"
00027 #include "crypto/aes\_wrap.h"
00028 #include "milenage.h"
00029
00030
00042 int milenage\_f1(const u8 *opc, const u8 *k, const u8 *_rand,
00043                 const u8 *sqn, const u8 *amf, u8 *mac_a, u8 *mac_s)
00044 {
00045     u8 tmp1[16], tmp2[16], tmp3[16];
00046     int i;
00047
00048     /* tmp1 = TEMP = E_K(RAND XOR OP_C) */
00049     for (i = 0; i < 16; i++)
00050         tmp1[i] = _rand[i] ^ opc[i];
00051     if (aes\_128\_encrypt\_block(k, tmp1, tmp1))
00052         return -1;
00053
00054     /* tmp2 = IN1 = SQN || AMF || SQN || AMF */
00055     os\_memcpy(tmp2, sqn, 6);
00056     os\_memcpy(tmp2 + 6, amf, 2);
00057     os\_memcpy(tmp2 + 8, tmp2, 8);
00058
00059     /* OUT1 = E_K(TEMP XOR rot(IN1 XOR OP_C, r1) XOR c1) XOR OP_C */
00060
00061     /* rotate (tmp2 XOR OP_C) by r1 (= 0x40 = 8 bytes) */
00062     for (i = 0; i < 16; i++)
00063         tmp3[(i + 8) % 16] = tmp2[i] ^ opc[i];
00064     /* XOR with TEMP = E_K(RAND XOR OP_C) */
00065     for (i = 0; i < 16; i++)
00066         tmp3[i] ^= tmp1[i];
00067     /* XOR with c1 (= ..00, i.e., NOP) */
00068
00069     /* f1 || f1* = E_K(tmp3) XOR OP_c */
00070     if (aes\_128\_encrypt\_block(k, tmp3, tmp1))
00071         return -1;
00072     for (i = 0; i < 16; i++)
00073         tmp1[i] ^= opc[i];
00074     if (mac_a)
00075         os\_memcpy(mac_a, tmp1, 8); /* f1 */
00076     if (mac_s)
00077         os\_memcpy(mac_s, tmp1 + 8, 8); /* f1* */
00078     return 0;
00079 }
00080
00081
00094 int milenage\_f2345(const u8 *opc, const u8 *k, const u8 *_rand,
00095                   u8 *res, u8 *ck, u8 *ik, u8 *ak, u8 *akstar)
00096 {
00097     u8 tmp1[16], tmp2[16], tmp3[16];
00098     int i;

```

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00099
00100     /* tmp2 = TEMP = E_K(RAND XOR OP_C) */
00101     for (i = 0; i < 16; i++)
00102         tmp1[i] = _rand[i] ^ opc[i];
00103     if (aes\_128\_encrypt\_block(k, tmp1, tmp2))
00104         return -1;
00105
00106     /* OUT2 = E_K(rot(TEMP XOR OP_C, r2) XOR c2) XOR OP_C */
00107     /* OUT3 = E_K(rot(TEMP XOR OP_C, r3) XOR c3) XOR OP_C */
00108     /* OUT4 = E_K(rot(TEMP XOR OP_C, r4) XOR c4) XOR OP_C */
00109     /* OUT5 = E_K(rot(TEMP XOR OP_C, r5) XOR c5) XOR OP_C */
00110
00111     /* f2 and f5 */
00112     /* rotate by r2 (= 0, i.e., NOP) */
00113     for (i = 0; i < 16; i++)
00114         tmp1[i] = tmp2[i] ^ opc[i];
00115     tmp1[15] ^= 1; /* XOR c2 (= ..01) */
00116     /* f5 || f2 = E_K(tmp1) XOR OP_c */
00117     if (aes\_128\_encrypt\_block(k, tmp1, tmp3))
00118         return -1;
00119     for (i = 0; i < 16; i++)
00120         tmp3[i] ^= opc[i];
00121     if (res)
00122         os\_memcpy(res, tmp3 + 8, 8); /* f2 */
00123     if (ak)
00124         os\_memcpy(ak, tmp3, 6); /* f5 */
00125
00126     /* f3 */
00127     if (ck) {
00128         /* rotate by r3 = 0x20 = 4 bytes */
00129         for (i = 0; i < 16; i++)
00130             tmp1[(i + 12) % 16] = tmp2[i] ^ opc[i];
00131         tmp1[15] ^= 2; /* XOR c3 (= ..02) */
00132         if (aes\_128\_encrypt\_block(k, tmp1, ck))
00133             return -1;
00134         for (i = 0; i < 16; i++)
00135             ck[i] ^= opc[i];
00136     }
00137
00138     /* f4 */
00139     if (ik) {
00140         /* rotate by r4 = 0x40 = 8 bytes */
00141         for (i = 0; i < 16; i++)
00142             tmp1[(i + 8) % 16] = tmp2[i] ^ opc[i];
00143         tmp1[15] ^= 4; /* XOR c4 (= ..04) */
00144         if (aes\_128\_encrypt\_block(k, tmp1, ik))
00145             return -1;
00146         for (i = 0; i < 16; i++)
00147             ik[i] ^= opc[i];
00148     }
00149
00150     /* f5* */
00151     if (akstar) {
00152         /* rotate by r5 = 0x60 = 12 bytes */
00153         for (i = 0; i < 16; i++)
00154             tmp1[(i + 4) % 16] = tmp2[i] ^ opc[i];
00155         tmp1[15] ^= 8; /* XOR c5 (= ..08) */
00156         if (aes\_128\_encrypt\_block(k, tmp1, tmp1))
00157             return -1;
00158         for (i = 0; i < 6; i++)
00159             akstar[i] = tmp1[i] ^ opc[i];
00160     }
00161
00162     return 0;

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00163 }
00164
00165
00179 void milenage_generate(const u8 *opc, const u8 *amf, const u8 *k,
00180                          const u8 *sqn, const u8 *_rand, u8 *autn, u8 *ik,
00181                          u8 *ck, u8 *res, size_t *res_len)
00182 {
00183     int i;
00184     u8 mac_a[8], ak[6];
00185
00186     if (*res_len < 8) {
00187         *res_len = 0;
00188         return;
00189     }
00190     if (milenage_f1(opc, k, _rand, sqn, amf, mac_a, NULL) ||
00191         milenage_f2345(opc, k, _rand, res, ck, ik, ak, NULL)) {
00192         *res_len = 0;
00193         return;
00194     }
00195     *res_len = 8;
00196
00197     /* AUTN = (SQN ^ AK) || AMF || MAC */
00198     for (i = 0; i < 6; i++)
00199         autn[i] = sqn[i] ^ ak[i];
00200     os_memcpy(autn + 6, amf, 2);
00201     os_memcpy(autn + 8, mac_a, 8);
00202 }
00203
00204
00214 int milenage_auts(const u8 *opc, const u8 *k, const u8 *_rand, const u8
*auts,
00215                  u8 *sqn)
00216 {
00217     u8 amf[2] = { 0x00, 0x00 }; /* TS 33.102 v7.0.0, 6.3.3 */
00218     u8 ak[6], mac_s[8];
00219     int i;
00220
00221     if (milenage_f2345(opc, k, _rand, NULL, NULL, NULL, NULL, ak))
00222         return -1;
00223     for (i = 0; i < 6; i++)
00224         sqn[i] = auts[i] ^ ak[i];
00225     if (milenage_f1(opc, k, _rand, sqn, amf, NULL, mac_s) ||
00226         memcmp(mac_s, auts + 6, 8) != 0)
00227         return -1;
00228     return 0;
00229 }
00230
00231
00241 int gsm_milenage(const u8 *opc, const u8 *k, const u8 *_rand, u8 *sres, u8
*kc)
00242 {
00243     u8 res[8], ck[16], ik[16];
00244     int i;
00245
00246     if (milenage_f2345(opc, k, _rand, res, ck, ik, NULL, NULL))
00247         return -1;
00248
00249     for (i = 0; i < 8; i++)
00250         kc[i] = ck[i] ^ ck[i + 8] ^ ik[i] ^ ik[i + 8];
00251
00252 #ifdef GSM_MILENAGE_ALT_SRES
00253     os_memcpy(sres, res, 4);
00254 #else /* GSM_MILENAGE_ALT_SRES */
00255     for (i = 0; i < 4; i++)

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00256             sres[i] = res[i] ^ res[i + 4];
00257 #endif /* GSM_MILENAGE_ALT_SRES */
00258             return 0;
00259 }
00260
00261
00276 int milenage_check(const u8 *opc, const u8 *k, const u8 *sqn, const u8
*_rand,
00277             const u8 *autn, u8 *ik, u8 *ck, u8 *res, size_t
*_res_len,
00278             u8 *auts)
00279 {
00280     int i;
00281     u8 mac_a[8], ak[6], rx_sqn[6];
00282     const u8 *amf;
00283
00284     wpa_hexdump(MSG_DEBUG, "Milenage: AUTN", autn, 16);
00285     wpa_hexdump(MSG_DEBUG, "Milenage: RAND", _rand, 16);
00286
00287     if (milenage_f2345(opc, k, _rand, res, ck, ik, ak, NULL))
00288         return -1;
00289
00290     *res_len = 8;
00291     wpa_hexdump_key(MSG_DEBUG, "Milenage: RES", res, *res_len);
00292     wpa_hexdump_key(MSG_DEBUG, "Milenage: CK", ck, 16);
00293     wpa_hexdump_key(MSG_DEBUG, "Milenage: IK", ik, 16);
00294     wpa_hexdump_key(MSG_DEBUG, "Milenage: AK", ak, 6);
00295
00296     /* AUTN = (SQN ^ AK) || AMF || MAC */
00297     for (i = 0; i < 6; i++)
00298         rx_sqn[i] = autn[i] ^ ak[i];
00299     wpa_hexdump(MSG_DEBUG, "Milenage: SQN", rx_sqn, 6);
00300
00301     if (os_memcmp(rx_sqn, sqn, 6) <= 0) {
00302         u8 auts_amf[2] = { 0x00, 0x00 }; /* TS 33.102 v7.0.0,
6.3.3 */
00303         if (milenage_f2345(opc, k, _rand, NULL, NULL, NULL, NULL,
ak))
00304             return -1;
00305         wpa_hexdump_key(MSG_DEBUG, "Milenage: AK*", ak, 6);
00306         for (i = 0; i < 6; i++)
00307             auts[i] = sqn[i] ^ ak[i];
00308         if (milenage_f1(opc, k, _rand, sqn, auts_amf, NULL, auts +
6))
00309             return -1;
00310         wpa_hexdump(MSG_DEBUG, "Milenage: AUTS", auts, 14);
00311         return -2;
00312     }
00313
00314     amf = autn + 6;
00315     wpa_hexdump(MSG_DEBUG, "Milenage: AMF", amf, 2);
00316     if (milenage_f1(opc, k, _rand, rx_sqn, amf, mac_a, NULL))
00317         return -1;
00318
00319     wpa_hexdump(MSG_DEBUG, "Milenage: MAC_A", mac_a, 8);
00320
00321     if (os_memcmp(mac_a, autn + 8, 8) != 0) {
00322         wpa_printf(MSG_DEBUG, "Milenage: MAC mismatch");
00323         wpa_hexdump(MSG_DEBUG, "Milenage: Received MAC_A",
autn + 8, 8);
00324         return -1;
00325     }
00326 }
00327
00328 return 0;

```

00329 }

http://hostap.epitest.fi/wpa_supplicant/devel/milenage_8h.html

http://mirror.umd.edu/roswiki/doc/diamondback/api/wpa_supplicant/html/milenage_8c.html
